

1. A Incomprehensive is closest to inexplicable -which means means one cannot explain it - hence cannot understand it.
2. B The tertiary meaning of the word is 'to cause to grind'.
3. A 'Searching for' would be the correct option.
4. B By subject-verb agreement "flower" will take 'were" instead of "was".
5. B The passage comes on to 'accomodating change' towards the end. (a) is too narrow and (d) too broad. (c) can be ruled out as "obsolescence" is not really discussed.
6. B Refer to line 1, para 4.
7. D Ref. last para - where the author talks about change over the past 2 centuries and not just from the 60's & 70's.
8. D Only "flourish" fits in the second blank and "culture of tolerance" seems logical.
9. B We would believe" someone whom we consider "honest".
10. C Stigma means a blot on someone's reputation and hence opposite to "honour".
11. A "Tyro" - "beginner" is opposite to expert.
12. C Many of the CEOs who were intuitive did not realize that they had intuitive powers. So stepping out of time boundaries can make us intuitive but it may not be the only way or the necessary condition to make one intuitive.
13. B The passage is talking about the role of intuition in decision making as a C.E.O. and also as a part of our daily life. Hence b.
14. C Ref. para 1 & 2 where the answer can be easily gauged.
15. D "Buccaneer" is synonymous to "Pirate". "Gyrate" and "Pirouette" are dance movements.
16. C Commune is commonly used when we communicate with God or even people. Commute means to travel. Hence choice C.
17. A "Provincialism" & "Parochialism" are synonymous - both meaning "narrow - minded" likewise, "dilettante" and "inexpert" mean the same.
18. A It should be "... as well as in France".
19. C "Will" should be converted to "would", in reported speech.
20. A In B "has been a leading" is flawed. In C, "infrastructures" and "substenable" are erroneous. In D "farther along" and "there are" are erroneous.
21. B (A), (C) and (D) can be inferred. In (B) the word "auditory" may not exactly mean the "singing and dancing" mentioned in the first line.
22. B "Quality" has not been dealt with sufficiently in the passage.
23. D A, B, E, C are direct inferences. D seems to be an extended inference.
24. D Choice (d) is the literal meaning of "Raison d'etre".
25. A In B, it should be besides instead of beside. In C, the modifier 'inspite of the rain' should come at the start. In D, it should be 'except for'.
26. B In A, the error is parallelism- 'as it was yesterday' instead of 'as it happened yesterday'. In C, it should be 'who' instead of 'whom'. In D, it should be 'she is' and not 'she's'.
27. D In (D) there is emphasis on the "studying of English" being complete; the perfect fense has been rightly used there.
28. C (C) can be seen from the last para of the passage.
29. B 'Developing countries' cannot be inferred clearly from the passage.
30. B Choice can be directly found in the last para.
31. A Choice A is clear from the 2nd line of the para. It is given that confusion and other elements promote misinterpretation and miscommunication.
32. C The paragraph deals predominantly with confusion.
33. A (A) is in line with the meaning of "commotion" which means disturbance, noise etc.
34. C (C) can be inferred from the discussion on economically productive work in the 9th line, 2nd para of the passage.
35. A The objective of the passage is to highlight the differences between industrial and knowledge intensive firms (as clearly evident from the 1st para).
36. C (C) is incorrect because the passage nowhere says that knowledge firms do not have "employers" - It just says the term "employees" is not appropriate for the knowledge firms.
37. D Choice D has the words which are closest in contextual meaning to the words in the question.
38. C The raw materials for printer are ink and paper. Similarly brake oil and petrol are raw materials for a car. A vending machine usually works if you put a coin inside and the output could be cola ,coffee etc. So it need not be only a coffee vending machine.

39. B TV and air-conditioner are machines .Vision and feel are related to sense organs. Vision of movies and feel of air are similar.
40. D A bird can be seen directly and clearly flying in the sky and thunder is heard in the background. Similarly text is directly seen on paper and watermark is in the background.